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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1 A system for mining data comprising: 1. 2 a data store including data having a number of items; 3 a mining application to mine data in the data store, the mining application 4 including logic, the logic, when executed, is to: 5 identify a number of frequent items of the data store; compute a probe structure based on the number of identified frequent 6 7 items; and, 8 partition the data according to content of the probe structure; wherein the mining application uses the probe structure to build a frequent 9 10 pattern tree (FP-tree); and 11 a memory for storing the probe structure and the FP-tree. 1 2. The system of claim 1, wherein the data of the data store includes a number of 2 transactions, wherein each transaction comprises a unique sequence of items 3 identified by the logic when identifying the frequent items of the data store. The system of claim 2, wherein the logic is to partition the transactions 1 3. according to content of the identified frequent items to obtain the probe structure, 2 wherein the probe structure includes combinations of the identified frequent items and 3 the number of occurrences of one or more content-based transactions. 4 1 4. The system of claim 3, wherein the logic orders the identified frequent items based on an occurrence frequency of each identified item in the data store. 2 The system of claim 3, further comprising a heuristic algorithm, wherein the 1 5. 2 heuristic algorithm is to group the one or more content-based transactions into approximately equal groups. 3

1 6. The system of claim 1, further comprising a master processor and one or more

- 2 slave processors, wherein the master processor is to distribute a group of transactions
- 3 to the one or more slave processors to build the FP-tree.
- 1 7. The system of claim 6, wherein the one or more slave processors build a part
- 2 of the FP-tree based on the grouping of content-based transactions.
- 1 8. The system of claim 7, wherein the multiple processors mine the FP-tree to
- 2 determine unique information about the items of the data store.
- 1 9. The system of claim 1, further comprising a multi-core system architecture.
- 1 10. A system for mining data, the system comprising:
- 2 a database including a number of transactions;
- at least one processor to perform mining operations on the database, the at
- 4 least one processor is to execute content-based partitioning logic on the transactions,
- 5 wherein the content-based partitioning logic is to partition the transactions according
- 6 to content based on a number of identified frequent items to obtain a probe structure;
- 7 and
- 8 a memory to store the probe structure.
- 1 11. The system of claim 10, the probe structure further comprising a probe tree
- 2 and probe table, wherein the probe tree and probe table further comprise 2^M branches,
- 3 wherein M corresponds to the number of identified frequent items.
- 1 12. The system of claim 11, wherein the memory further comprises shared
- 2 memory to store the probe tree and probe table.
- 1 13. The system of claim 11 further comprising multiple processors to recursively
- 2 mine the database, wherein each processor shares a substantially equal load based on
- 3 a grouping and distribution of the 2^M branches.

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- 1 14. The system of claim 13, the multiple processors further comprising a master
- 2 processor and at least one slave processor to perform mining operations, wherein the
- 3 master processor distributes operations to the at least one slave processor when
- 4 building a frequent pattern tree (FP-tree) using the probe structure.
- 1 15. A method for mining data of a database, comprising:
- 2 identifying frequent items of the database;
- 3 building a probe structure based on the identified frequent items, wherein each
- 4 branch of the probe structure includes a number of identified frequent items based on
- 5 content
- 6 grouping the branches of the probe structure based on the content of each
- 7 branch; and
- 8 building a frequent pattern tree (FP-tree) from the probe structure.
- 1 16. The method of claim 15, further comprising scanning a first portion of the
- 2 database when identifying frequent items of the database, and scanning a second
- 3 portion of the database when building the probe structure, wherein the probe structure
- 4 includes an associated number of counts with each branch of the probe structure after
- 5 scanning the second portion of the database.
- 1 17. The method of claim 15, further comprising building the probe structure to
- 2 include a probe tree and probe table, and using the probe tree and probe table to build
- 3 the FP-tree for mining the FP-tree to determine frequent data patterns.
- 1 18. The method of claim 15, further comprising distributing each group of
- 2 branches to an associated processor before building the FP-tree.
- 1 19. The method of claim 18, further comprising using a master processor to
- 2 distribute each group of branches to one or more slave processors, and using the one
- 3 or more slave processors to build the FP-tree.

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- 1 20. The method of claim 15, further comprising partitioning the database
- 2 according to content of the identified frequent items to obtain the probe structure,
- 3 wherein the probe structure includes combinations of the identified frequent items and
- 4 the number of occurrences of one or more content-based transactions.